

1.25Gbps SFP Optical Transceiver, 20km Reach EP-3124- L2x(D)

Features

- Dual data-rate of 1.25Gbps/1.063Gbps operation
- 1310nm FP laser and PIN photodetector for 20km transmission
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring: Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with SONET OC-24-LR-1
- Compatible with RoHS
- ◆ +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature: Standard : 0 to +70°C
 Industrial : -40 to +85°C



- Gigabit Ethernet
- Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

Description

The SFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting dual data-rate of 1.25Gbps/1.0625Gbps and 20km transmission distance with SMF.

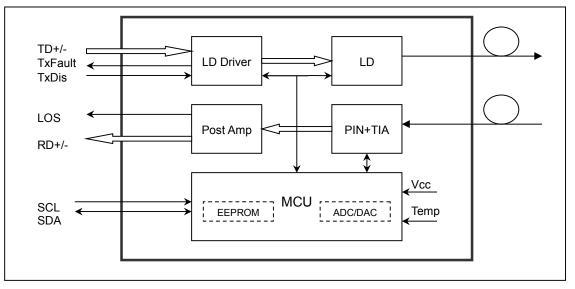
The transceiver consists of three sections: a FP laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.





Module Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 1 - Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 2 - Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Мах	Unit	
Operating Case Temperature		Standard	Тс	0		+70	°C
		Industrial		-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current		lcc			300	mA	
Gigabit Ethernet					1.25		
Data Rate	Fiber Channel				1.063		Gbps

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Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Table 3 - Optical and Electrical Characteristics

	neter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes	
Transmitter								
Centre Wavelen	gth	λс	1260	1310	1360	nm		
Spectral Width (I	RMS)	σ			4	nm		
Average Output	Power	Pout	-9		-3	dBm	1	
Extinction Ratio		ER	9			dB		
Optical Rise/Fall	Time (20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns		
Data Input Swing	g Differential	VIN	400		1800	mV	2	
Input Differential	Impedance	ZIN	90	100	110	Ω		
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V		
TA DISable	Enable		0		0.8	V		
TX Fault	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V		
TAFault	Normal		0		0.8	V		
			Receive	Pr				
Centre Wavelen	gth	λc	1260		1580	nm		
Receiver Sensiti	vity				-23	dBm	3	
Receiver Overloa	ad		-3			dBm	3	
LOS De-Assert		LOSD			-24	dBm		
LOS Assert		LOSA	-35			dBm		
LOS Hysteresis			1		4	dB		
Data Output Swing Differential		Vout	400		1800	mV	4	
1.05		High	2.0		Vcc	V		
LOS		Low			0.8	V		

Notes:

1. The optical power is launched into SMF.

PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
Measured with a PRBS 2⁷-1 test pattern @1250Mbps, BER ≤1×10⁻¹².

4. Internally AC-coupled.

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Timing and Electrical

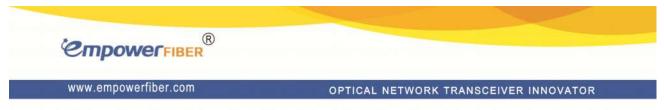
Table 4 - Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Мах	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V _H	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL			0.8	V

Diagnostics

Table 5 – Diagnostics Specification

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External
remperature	-40 to +85		10 0	
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External
TX Power	-9 to -3	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External
RX Power	-23 to 0	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External

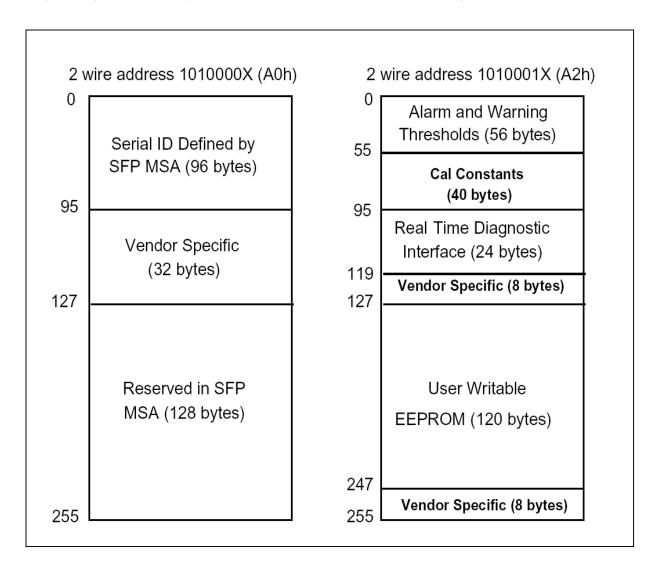


Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

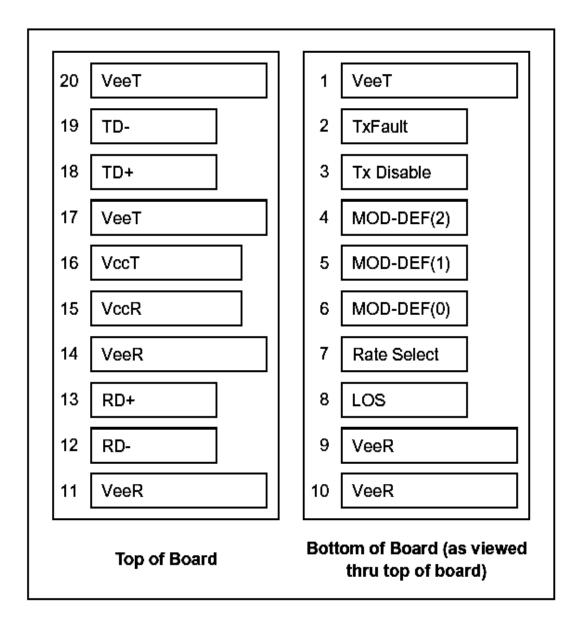
The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.





Pin Definitions

Pin Diagram



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Pin Descriptions

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
10	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
11	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
15	VCCR	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	Vсст	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

 TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V):	Transmitter on
(>0.8V, < 2.0V):	Undefined
High (2.0 to 3.465V):	Transmitter Disabled
Open:	Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

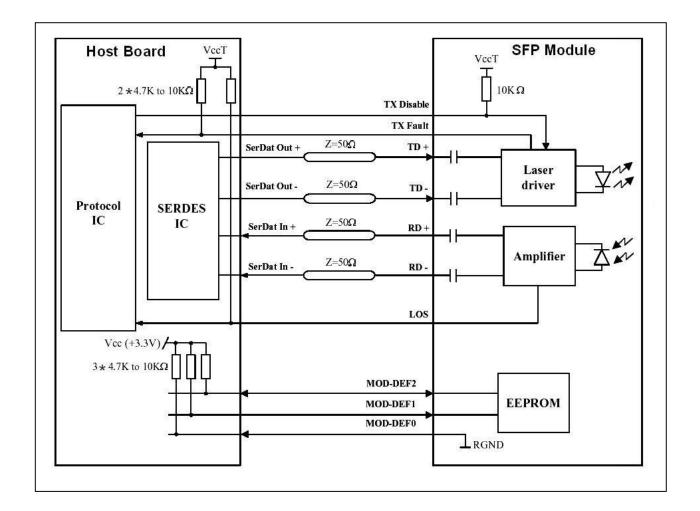
Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

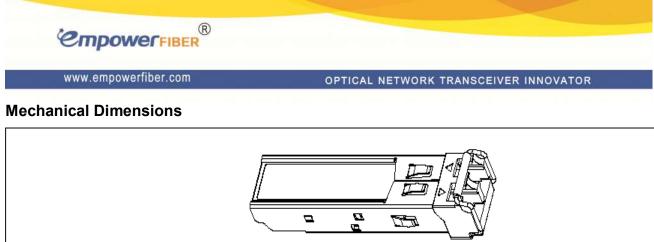
Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

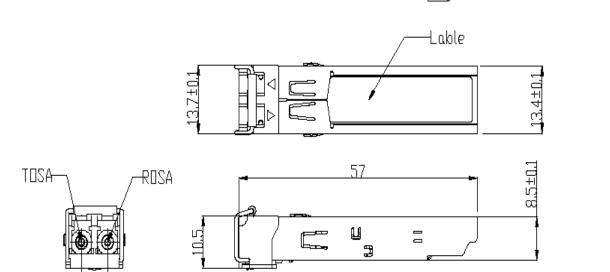
- 4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.



Recommended Interface Circuit







Regulatory Compliance

6.25±0.05

EMPOWERFIBER SFP transceiver is designed to be Class I Laser safety compliant and is certified per the following standards

Feature	Agency	Standard	Certificate / Comments
Laser Safety	FDA	CDRH 21 CFR 1040 annd Laser Notice No. 50	1120295-000
Product Safety	BST	EN 60825-1: 2007 EN 60825-2: 2004 EN 60950-1: 2006	BT0905142001
Environmental protection	SGS	RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC	GZ0902007478/CHEM
EMC	CCIC	EN 55022: 2006+A1: 2007 EN 55024: 1998+A1: 2001+A2: 2003	CTE09020023



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