

# 2.67Gbps SFP Optical Transceiver, 20km Reach EP-3148- L2x(D)

#### **Features**

- Up to 2.67Gb/s bi-directional data links
- ♦ 1310nm DFB laser and PIN photo detector for 20km transmission
- ♦ Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring:
   Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- ♦ Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature:

Standard: 0 to +70°C Industrial: -40 to +85°C

### **Applications**

- ♦ SDH STM-16 and SONET OC-48 system
- 2X Fiber Channel
- ♦ Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- ♦ Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

#### **Description**

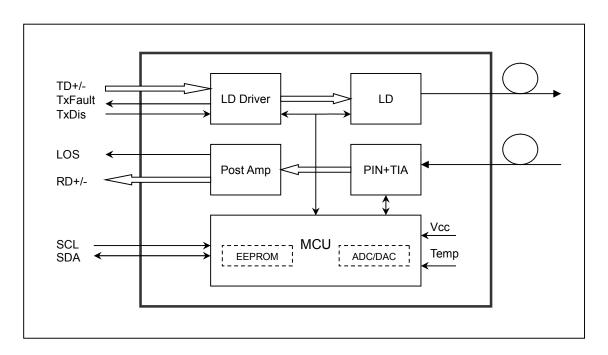
The SFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting dual data-rate of 2.67Gbps and 20km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.



### **Module Block Diagram**



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

**Table 1 - Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

| Parameter           | Symbol | Min  | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|--------|------|-----|------|
| Supply Voltage      | Vcc    | -0.5 | 4.5 | V    |
| Storage Temperature | Ts     | -40  | +85 | °C   |
| Operating Humidity  | -      | 5    | 85  | %    |

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

**Table 2 - Recommended Operating Conditions** 

| Parameter                  |            | Symbol | Min  | Typical | Max  | Unit |
|----------------------------|------------|--------|------|---------|------|------|
| Operating Case Temperature | Standard   | Тс     | 0    |         | +70  | °C   |
| Operating Case Temperature | Industrial |        | -40  |         | +85  | °C   |
| Power Supply Voltage       |            | Vcc    | 3.13 | 3.3     | 3.47 | V    |
| Power Supply Current       |            | Icc    |      |         | 300  | mA   |
| Data Rate                  |            |        |      | 2.67    |      | Gbps |



### **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

**Table 3 - Optical and Electrical Characteristics** 

| •                              | neter          | Symbol                         | Min     | Typical | Max  | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|---------|---------|------|------|-------|
|                                | Transmitter    |                                |         |         |      |      |       |
| Centre Waveleng                | gth            | λс                             | 1260    | 1310    | 1360 | nm   |       |
| Spectral Width (-              | 20dB)          | Δλ                             |         |         | 1    | nm   |       |
| Side Mode Supp                 | ression Ratio  | SMSR                           | 30      |         |      | dB   |       |
| Average Output                 | Power          | Pout                           | -5      |         | 0    | dBm  | 1     |
| Extinction Ratio               |                | ER                             | 9       |         |      | dB   |       |
| Optical Rise/Fall              | Time (20%~80%) | t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub> |         |         | 0.16 | ns   |       |
| Data Input Swing               | Differential   | Vin                            | 400     |         | 1800 | mV   | 2     |
| Input Differential             | Impedance      | $Z_{IN}$                       | 90      | 100     | 110  | Ω    |       |
| TX Disable                     | Disable        |                                | 2.0     |         | Vcc  | V    |       |
| TX Disable                     | Enable         |                                | 0       |         | 0.8  | V    |       |
| TX Fault                       | Fault          |                                | 2.0     |         | Vcc  | V    |       |
| 1 A Fault                      | Normal         |                                | 0       |         | 0.8  | V    |       |
|                                |                |                                | Receive | er      |      |      |       |
| Centre Waveleng                | gth            | λc                             | 1260    |         | 1580 | nm   |       |
| Receiver Sensitiv              | vity           |                                |         |         | -18  | dBm  | 3     |
| Receiver Overloa               | ad             |                                | -3      |         |      | dBm  | 3     |
| LOS De-Assert                  |                | LOS <sub>D</sub>               |         |         | -20  | dBm  |       |
| LOS Assert                     |                | LOSA                           | -30     |         |      | dBm  |       |
| LOS Hysteresis                 |                |                                | 1       |         | 4    | dB   |       |
| Data Output Swing Differential |                | Vout                           | 370     |         | 1800 | mV   | 4     |
| 1.06                           |                | High                           | 2.0     |         | Vcc  | V    |       |
| LOS                            |                | Low                            |         |         | 0.8  | V    |       |

#### Notes:

- The optical power is launched into SMF.
   PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
   Measured with a PRBS 2<sup>23</sup>-1 test pattern @2488Mbps, BER ≤1×10<sup>-12</sup>.
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.



### **Timing and Electrical**

Table 4 - Timing and Electrical

| Parameter                                       | Symbol         | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|---|----------------|-----|---------|-----|------|
| Tx Disable Negate Time                          | t_on           |     |         | 1   | ms   |
| Tx Disable Assert Time                          | t_off          |     |         | 10  | μs   |
| Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault | t_init         |     |         | 300 | ms   |
| Tx Fault Assert Time                            | t_fault        |     |         | 100 | μs   |
| Tx Disable To Reset                             | t_reset        | 10  |         |     | μs   |
| LOS Assert Time                                 | t_loss_on      |     |         | 100 | μs   |
| LOS De-assert Time                              | t_loss_off     |     |         | 100 | μs   |
| Serial ID Clock Rate                            | f_serial_clock |     |         | 400 | KHz  |
| MOD_DEF (0:2)-High                              | $V_{H}$        | 2   |         | Vcc | V    |
| MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low                               | VL             |     |         | 0.8 | V    |

## **Diagnostics**

**Table 5 – Diagnostics Specification** 

| Parameter    | Range                    | Unit                        | Accuracy | Calibration         |
|--------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|---------------------|
| Tomporature  | 0 to +70                 | °C 12°C Internal / Futernal |          | Internal / External |
| remperature  | emperature °C -40 to +85 | C                           | ±3°C     | Internal / External |
| Voltage      | 3.0 to 3.6               | V                           | ±3%      | Internal / External |
| Bias Current | 0 to 100                 | mA                          | ±10%     | Internal / External |
| TX Power     | -5 to 0                  | dBm                         | ±3dB     | Internal / External |
| RX Power     | -23 to -3                | dBm                         | ±3dB     | Internal / External |

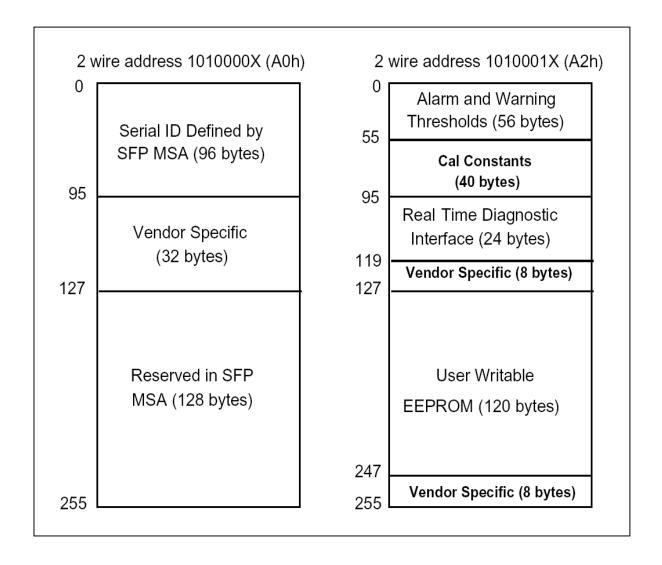


### **Digital Diagnostic Memory Map**

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.





## **Pin Definitions**

Pin Diagram

| 20 | VeeT   | 1 VeeT        |  |  |  |
|----|--|---------------|--|--|--|
| 19 | TD-  | 2 TxFault     |  |  |  |
| 18 | TD+  | 3 Tx Disable  |  |  |  |
| 17 | VeeT   | 4 MOD-DEF(2)  |  |  |  |
| 16 | VccT   | 5 MOD-DEF(1)  |  |  |  |
| 15 | VccR   | 6 MOD-DEF(0)  |  |  |  |
| 14 | VeeR   | 7 Rate Select |  |  |  |
| 13 | RD+  | 8 LOS         |  |  |  |
| 12 | RD-  | 9 VeeR        |  |  |  |
| 11 | VeeR   | 10 VeeR       |  |  |  |
|    | Top of Board Board (as viewed thru top of board) |               |  |  |  |



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#### **Pin Descriptions**

| Pin | Signal Name      | Description                  | Plug Seq. | Notes  |
|-----|------------------|------------------------------|-----------|--------|
| 1   | VEET             | Transmitter Ground           | 1         |        |
| 2   | TX FAULT         | Transmitter Fault Indication | 3         | Note 1 |
| 3   | TXDISABLE        | Transmitter Disable          | 3         | Note 2 |
| 4   | MOD_DEF(2)       | SDA Serial Data Signal       | 3         | Note 3 |
| 5   | MOD_DEF(1)       | SCL Serial Clock Signal      | 3         | Note 3 |
| 6   | MOD_DEF(0)       | TTL Low                      | 3         | Note 3 |
| 7   | Rate Select      | Not Connected                | 3         |        |
| 8   | LOS              | Loss of Signal               | 3         | Note 4 |
| 9   | VEER             | Receiver ground              | 1         |        |
| 10  | VEER             | Receiver ground              | 1         |        |
| 11  | VEER             | Receiver ground              | 1         |        |
| 12  | RD-              | Inv. Received Data Out       | 3         | Note 5 |
| 13  | RD+              | Received Data Out            | 3         | Note 5 |
| 14  | VEER             | Receiver ground              | 1         |        |
| 15  | Vccr             | Receiver Power Supply        | 2         |        |
| 16  | Vccт             | Transmitter Power Supply     | 2         |        |
| 17  | VEET             | Transmitter Ground           | 1         |        |
| 18  | TD+              | Transmit Data In             | 3         | Note 6 |
| 19  | TD-              | Inv. Transmit Data In        | 3         | Note 6 |
| 20  | V <sub>EET</sub> | Transmitter Ground           | 1         |        |

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7k\sim10kΩ$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8V, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

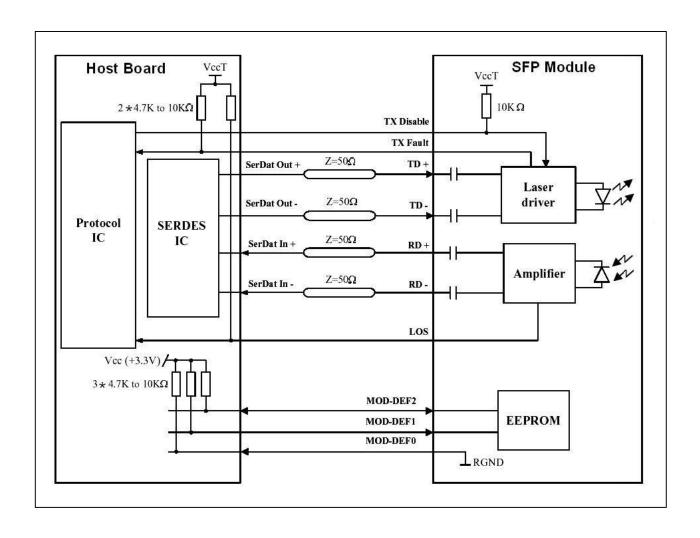
- 3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.
  - Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

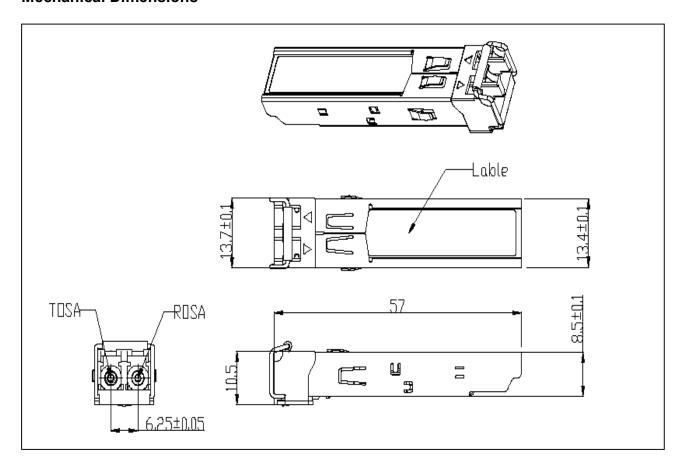
- 4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module.

### **Recommended Interface Circuit**





### **Mechanical Dimensions**



## **Regulatory Compliance**

Empowerfiber SFP transceiver is designed to be Class I Laser safety compliant and is certified per the following standards

| Feature                  | Agency | Standard  | Certificate /<br>Comments |
|--------------------------|--------|---|---------------------------|
| Laser Safety             | FDA    | CDRH 21 CFR 1040 annd Laser Notice<br>No. 50                | 1120295-000               |
| Product Safety           | BST    | EN 60825-1: 2007<br>EN 60825-2: 2004<br>EN 60950-1: 2006    | BT0905142001              |
| Environmental protection | SGS    | RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC                                   | GZ0902007478/CHEM         |
| EMC                      | CCIC   | EN 55022: 2006+A1: 2007<br>EN 55024: 1998+A1: 2001+A2: 2003 | CTE09020023               |



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